

EN: This Datasheet is presented by the manufacturer.

Please visit our website for pricing and availability at www.hestore.hu.

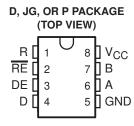
SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q, SN75LBC176 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS

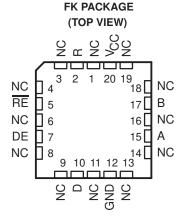
SLLS067G - AUGUST 1990 - REVISED APRIL 2006

- Bidirectional Transceiver
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI Standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987(E)
- High-Speed Low-Power LinBiCMOS™ Circuitry
- Designed for High-Speed Operation in Both Serial and Parallel Applications
- Low Skew
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments
- Very Low Disabled Supply Current . . . 200 μA Maximum
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Thermal-Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive-and Negative-Current Limiting
- Open-Circuit Failsafe Receiver Design
- Receiver Input Sensitivity . . . ±200 mV Max
- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 50 mV Typ
- Operates From a Single 5-V Supply
- Glitch-Free Power-Up and Power-Down Protection
- Available in Q-Temp Automotive
 HighRel Automotive Applications
 Configuration Control / Print Support
 Qualification to Automotive Standards

description

The SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q, and SN75LBC176 differential bus transceivers are monolithic, integrated circuits designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. They are designed for balanced transmission lines and meet ANSI Standard TIA/EIA–485–A (RS-485) and ISO 8482:1987(E).





NC-No internal connection

Function Tables

DRIVER

INPUT	ENABLE	OUT	PUTS
D	DE	Α	В
Н	Н	Н	L
L	Н	L	Н
X	L	Z	Z

RECEIVER

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS VID = VIA - VIB	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
V _{ID} ≥ 0.2 V	L	Н
$-0.2 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{ID}} < 0.2 \text{ V}$	L	?
$V_{ID} \le -0.2 V$	L	L
X	Н	Z
Open	L	Н

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

LinBiCMOS and LinASIC are trademarks of Texas Instruments Incorporated



SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q, SN75LBC176 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS

SLLS067G - AUGUST 1990 - REVISED APRIL 2006

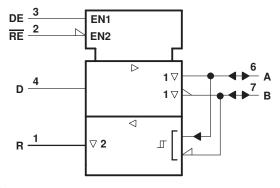
description (continued)

The SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q, and SN75LBC176 combine a 3-state, differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, which can externally connect together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs connect internally to form a differential input/output (I/O) bus port that is designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or $V_{CC} = 0$. This port features wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for party-line applications. Very low device supply current can be achieved by disabling the driver and the receiver.

These transceivers are suitable for ANSI Standard TIA/EIA-485 (RS-485) and ISO 8482 applications to the extent that they are specified in the operating conditions and characteristics section of this data sheet. Certain limits contained in TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987 (E) are not met or cannot be tested over the entire military temperature range.

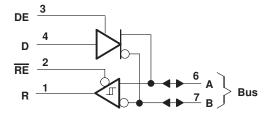
The SN55LBC176 is characterized for operation from -55°C to 125°C. The SN65LBC176 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C, and the SN65LBC176Q is characterized for operation from -40°C to 125°C. The SN75LBC176 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)

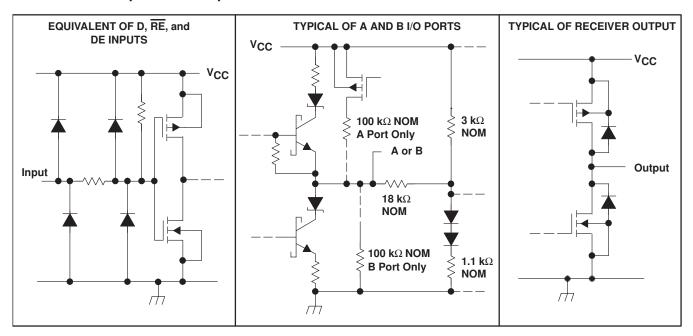


AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T _A	PACKAGE	PART NUMBER	PART MARKING
000 4- 7000	SOP	SN75LBC176D	7LB176
0°C to 70°C	PDIP	SN75LBC176P	75LBC176
4000 4- 0500	SOP	SN65LBC176D	6LB176
-40°C to 85°C	PDIP	SN65LBC176P	65LBC176
4000 to 44000	SOP	SN65LBC176QD	LB176Q
-40°C to 110°C	SOP	SN65LBC176QDR	LB176Q
5500 to 40500	LCCC	SNJ55LBC176FK	SNJ55LBC176FK
-55°C to 125°C	CDIP	SNJ55LBC176JG	SNJ55LBC176



schematics of inputs and outputs



absolute maximum ratings†

Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	7 V
Voltage range at any bus terminal	
Input voltage, V_I (D, DE, R, or \overline{RE})
Receiver output current, IO	± 10 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	1 See Dissipation Rating Table
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	THERMAL MODEL	T _A < 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING	T _A = 110°C POWER RATING
-	Low K [†]	526 mW	5.0 mW/°C	301 mW	226 mW	_
D	High K [‡]	882 mW	8.4 mW/°C	504 mW	378 mW	_
Р		840 mW	8.0 mW/°C	480 mW	360 mW	_
JG		1050 mW	8.4 mW/°C	672 mW	546 mW	210 mW
FK		1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	440 mW

 $[\]dagger$ In accordance with the low effective thermal conductivity metric definitions of EIA/JESD 51–3.



[‡] In accordance with the high effective thermal conductivity metric definitions of EIA/JESD 51–7.

SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q, SN75LBC176 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS

SLLS067G - AUGUST 1990 - REVISED APRIL 2006

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC}		4.75	5	5.25	V
Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mo-	de), V _I or V _{IC}	-7		12	V
High-level input voltage, V _{IH}	D, DE, and RE	2			V
Low-level input voltage, V _{IL}	D, DE, and RE			8.0	V
Differential input voltage, V _{ID} (see Note 2)		-12		0.8 12 r 12 60 8	
High-level output current, IOH	Driver	-60			mA
	Receiver	-400			μΑ
	Driver			60	•
High-level output current, I _{OH} Low-level output current, I _{OL}	Receiver			8	mA
Junction temperature, TJ				140	°C
	SN55LBC176	-55		125	
o	SN65LBC176	-40		85	°C
Operating free-air temperature, 14	SN65LBC176Q	-40		125	-0
High-level input voltage, V _{IH} Low-level input voltage, V _{IL} Differential input voltage, V _{ID} (see Note 2) High-level output current, I _{OH} Low-level output current, I _{OL}	SN75LBC176	0		70	

NOTE 2: Differential input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.



DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS				MAX	UNIT
VIK	Input clamp voltage	I _I = – 18 mA			-1.5		V
VO	Output voltage	IO = 0			0	6	V
VOD1	Differential output voltage	IO = 0			1.5	6	V
V _{OD2}	Differential output voltage	R _L = 54 Ω , See Note 3	See Figure 1,	55LBC176, 65LBC176, 65LBC176Q	1.1		٧
				75LBC176	1.5	5	
V _{OD3}	Differential output voltage	V _{test} = -7 V to 12 V, See Note 3	55LCB176, 65LCB176, 65LBC176Q		1.1		٧
				75LBC176	1.5	5	
Δ V _{OD}	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage †			•	-0.2	0.2	٧
V _{OC}	Common-mode output voltage	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ or 100 Ω ,	See Figure 1		-1	3	V
Δ V _{OC}	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage†			-0.2	0.2	٧	
	0.1.1.1.1	Output disabled,	V _O = 12 V			1	
IO	Output current	See Note 4	V _O = -7 V		-0.8		mA
l _{IH}	High-level input current	V _I = 2.4 V			-100		μΑ
I _I L	Low-level input current	V _I = 0.4 V			-100		μΑ
		$V_0 = -7 \text{ V}$			-250		
		V _O = 0			-150		4
los	Short-circuit output current	$V_O = V_{CC}$				050	mA
		V _O = 12 V				250	
			Receiver disabled	55LBC176, 65LBC176Q		1.75	
		$V_{I} = 0$ or V_{CC} ,	and driver enabled	65LBC176, 75LBC176		1.5	
Icc	Supply current	No load 55	Receiver and driver	55LBC176, 65LBC176Q		0.25	mA
			disabled			0.2	

 $[\]uparrow \Delta \mid V_{OD} \mid$ and $\Delta \mid V_{OC} \mid$ are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC} , respectively, that occur when the input changes from a high level to a low level.

NOTES: 3. This device meets the $V_{\mbox{OD}}$ requirements of TIA/EIA-485-A above 0°C only.



^{4.} This applies for both power on and off; refer to TIA/EIA-485-A for exact conditions.

SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q, SN75LBC176 DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS

SLLS067G - AUGUST 1990 - REVISED APRIL 2006

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CO	TEST CONDITIONS		SN55LBC176 SN65LBC176Q		SN65LBC176 SN75LBC176			UNIT		
					TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP†	MAX			
t _d (OD)	Differential output delay time	5 - 4.0		8		31	8		25	ns		
t _t (OD)	Differential output transition time	$R_L = 54 \Omega$, See Figure 3	_	_	$C_L = 50 pF$,		12			12		ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (td(ODH) -td(ODL))						6		0	6	ns	
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$,	See Figure 4			65			35	ns		
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$,	See Figure 5			65			35	ns		
^t PHZ	Output disable time from high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$,	See Figure 4			105			60	ns		
t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$,	See Figure 5			105			35	ns		

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS

OTHIDOL EGOTALENTO						
DATA SHEET PARAMETER	RS-485					
VO	V _{oa} , V _{ob}					
∣V _{OD1} ∣	V _O					
V _{OD2}	$V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$					
V _{OD3}	V _t (test termination measurement 2)					
Δ V _{OD}	$ V_t - \overline{V}_t $					
Voc	V _{os}					
Δ V _{OC}	$ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $					
los	None					
lo	l _{ia} , l _{ib}					

RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 2.7 V,	I _O = -0.4 mA				0.2	٧
V _{IT} _	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 0.5 V,	I _O = 8 mA		-0.2‡			٧
V _{hys}	Hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} – V _{IT} _) (see Figure 4)					50		mV
VIK	Enable-input clamp voltage	I _I = -18 mA			-1.5			V
VOH	High-level output voltage	V _{ID} = 200 mV, See Figure 6	$I_{OH} = -400 \mu A,$		2.7			٧
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{ID} = -200 mV, See Figure 6	I _{OL} = 8 mA,				0.45	٧
l _{OZ}	High-impedance-state output current	V _O = 0.4 V to 2.4 V	/		-20		20	μΑ
	I have been a summer	Other input = 0 V,	V _I = 12 V				1	0
i _l	Line input current	See Note 5	$V_I = -7 V$		-0.8			mA
lн	High-level enable-input current	V _{IH} = 2.7 V			-100			μΑ
I _{IL}	Low-level enable-input current	V _{IL} = 0.4 V			-100			μΑ
rį	Input resistance				12			kΩ
			Receiver enabled and driver disabled				3.9	mA
ICC	Supply current	V _I = 0 or V _{CC} , No load	Receiver and driver disabled	SN55LBC176, SN65LBC176, SN65LBC176Q			0.25	mA
				SN75LBC176			0.2	

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, C_L = 15 pF

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	SN55LBC176 SN65LBC176Q		SN65LBC176 SN75LBC176			UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level single-ended output	V _{ID} = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See Figure 7	11	37	11		33	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level single-ended output		11	37	11		33	ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (tpLH - tpHL)			10		3	6	ns
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level	0 5: 0		35			35	ns
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	See Figure 8		35			30	ns
^t PHZ	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 8		35			35	ns
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level	See rigule o		35			30	ns

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.



[‡] The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet.

NOTE 5. This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to ANSI Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 1. Driver VOD and VOC

V_{test} $\mathbf{375}~\Omega$

Figure 2. Driver VOD3

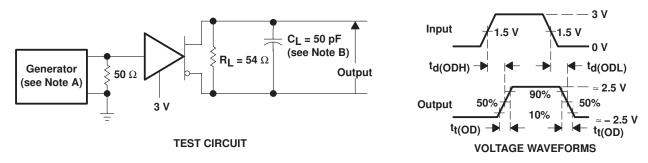


Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

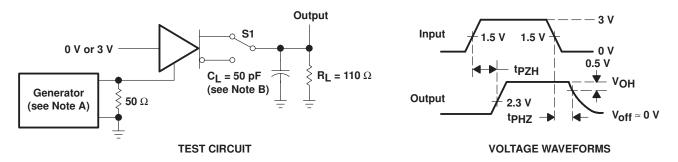


Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

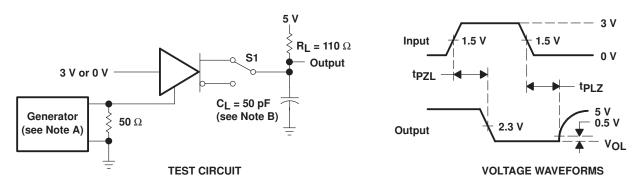


Figure 5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
 - B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

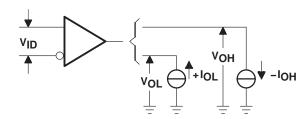
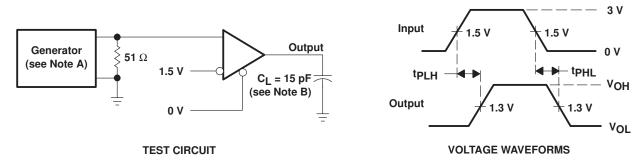


Figure 6. Receiver VOH and VOL



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $t_f \leq$ 8 ns, $t_f \leq$ 8 ns, $t_f \leq$ 9 ns, t_f
 - B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

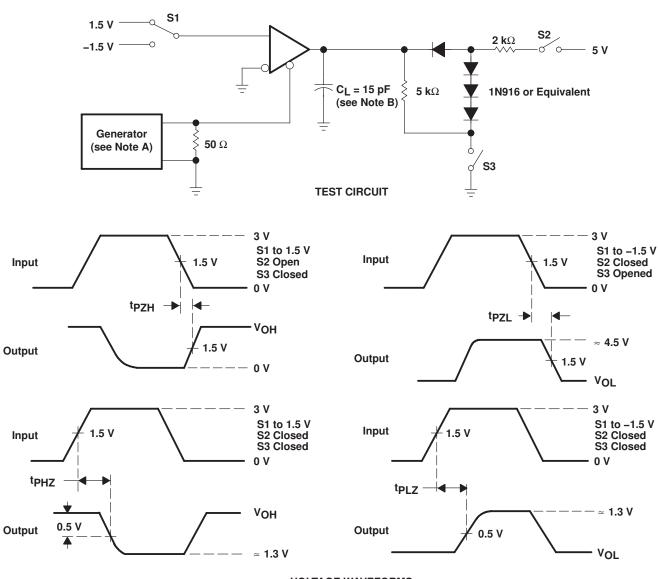
Figure 7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS - D PACKAGE

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
handler to such bank harman harbitation of the	Low-K board, no air flow	199.4				
Junction-to-ambient thermal reisistance, θ _{JA} †	High-K board, no air flow		119		00044	
Junction-to-board thermal reisistance, θJB	High-K board, no air flow		67		°C/W	
Junction-to-case thermal reisistance, θ _{JC}		46.6			1	
Average power dissipation, P(AVG)	R _L = 54 Ω , input to D is 10 Mbps 50% duty cycle square wave, V _{CC} = 5.25 V, T _J = 130 °C.			330	mW	
Thermal shutdown junction temperature, T _{SD}			165		°C	

[†] See TI application note literature number SZZA003, Package Thermal Characterization Methodologies, for an explanation of this parameter.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

Figure 8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $t_f \leq$ 8 ns, $t_f \leq$ 8 ns, $t_f \leq$ 9 ns, t_f

B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF IC PACKAGES

 Θ_{JA} (Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance) is defined as the difference in junction temperature to ambient temperature divided by the operating power

 Θ_{JA} is NOT a constant and is a strong function of

- the PCB design (50% variation)
- altitude (20% variation)
- device power (5% variation)

 Θ_{JA} can be used to compare the thermal performance of packages if the specific test conditions are defined and used. Standardized testing includes specification of PCB construction, test chamber volume, sensor locations, and the thermal characteristics of holding fixtures. Θ_{JA} is often misused when it is used to calculate junction temperatures for other installations.

TI uses two test PCBs as defined by JEDEC specifications. The low-k board gives *average* in-use condition thermal performance and consists of a single trace layer 25 mm long and 2-oz thick copper. The high-k board gives *best case* in-use condition and consists of two 1-oz buried power planes with a single trace layer 25 mm long with 2-oz thick copper. A 4% to 50% difference in Θ_{JA} can be measured between these two test cards

 Θ_{JC} (Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance) is defined as difference in junction temperature to case divided by the operating power. It is measured by putting the mounted package up against a copper block cold plate to force heat to flow from die, through the mold compound into the copper block.

 Θ_{JC} is a useful thermal characteristic when a heatsink is applied to package. It is NOT a useful characteristic to predict junction temperature as it provides pessimistic numbers if the case temperature is measured in a non-standard system and junction temperatures are backed out. It can be used with Θ_{JB} in 1-dimensional thermal simulation of a package system.

 Θ_{JB} (Junction-to-Board Thermal Resistance) is defined to be the difference in the junction temperature and the PCB temperature at the center of the package (closest to the die) when the PCB is clamped in a cold–plate structure. Θ_{JB} is only defined for the high-k test card.

 Θ_{JB} provides an overall thermal resistance between the die and the PCB. It includes a bit of the PCB thermal resistance (especially for BGA's with thermal balls) and can be used for simple 1-dimensional network analysis of package system (see Figure 1).

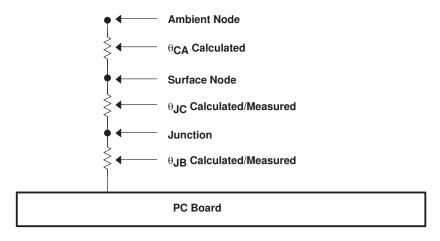


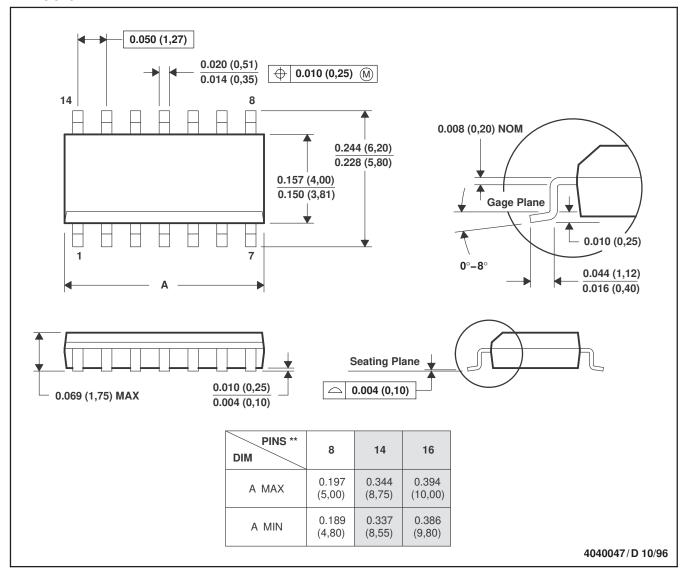
Figure 1. Thermal Resistance

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

D (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

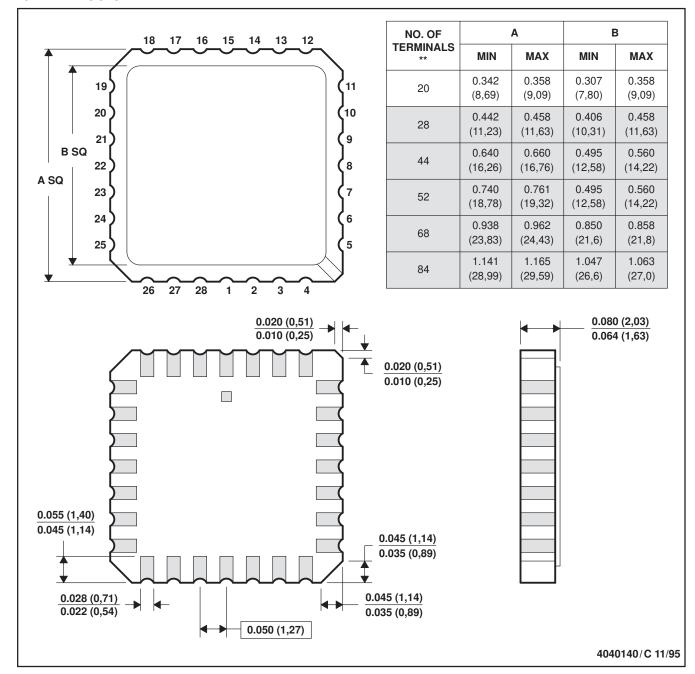
D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

FK (S-CQCC-N**)

28 TERMINALS SHOWN

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER



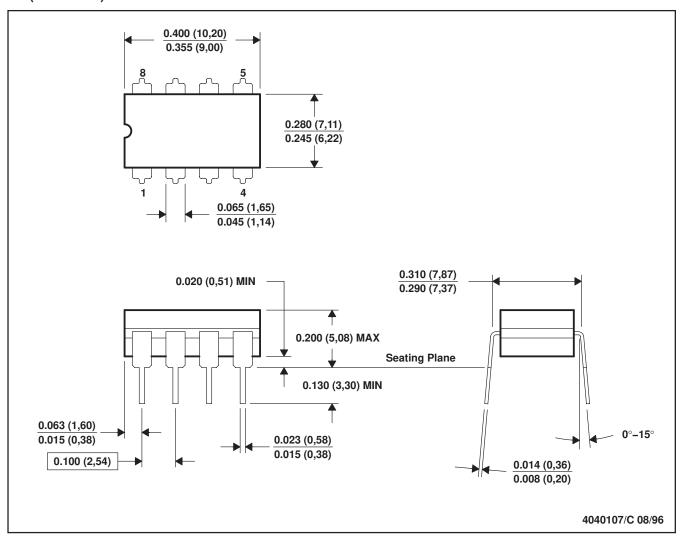
- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
 - D. The terminals are gold-plated.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MS-004



MECHANICAL INFORMATION

JG (R-GDIP-T8)

CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



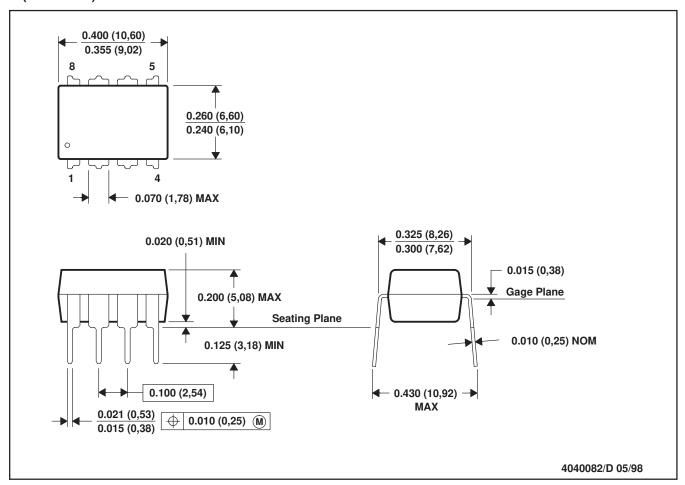
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
- E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T8

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

For the latest package information, go to http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg_info.htm

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM





PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
5962-9318301Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9318301QPA	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
SN65LBC176D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LBC176DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LBC176DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LBC176DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LBC176P	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SN65LBC176PE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SN65LBC176QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
SN65LBC176QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
SN75LBC176D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75LBC176DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75LBC176DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75LBC176DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN75LBC176P	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SN75LBC176PE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
SNJ55LBC176FK	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
SNJ55LBC176JG	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type

 $^{^{(1)}}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

12-Jan-2007

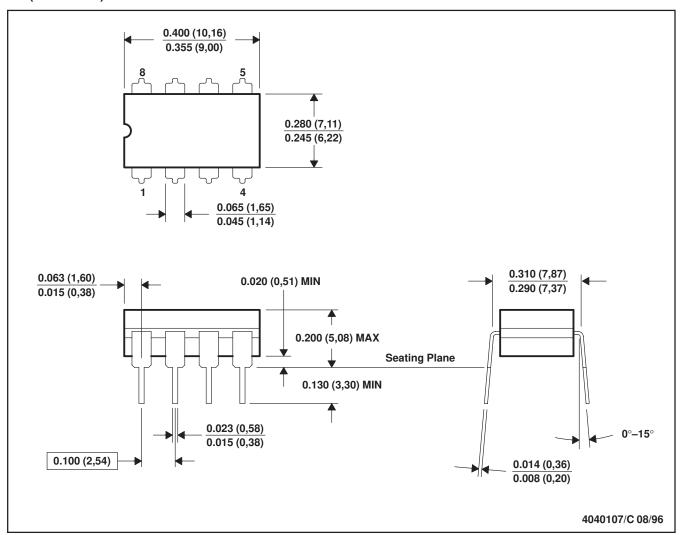
temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

JG (R-GDIP-T8)

CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE



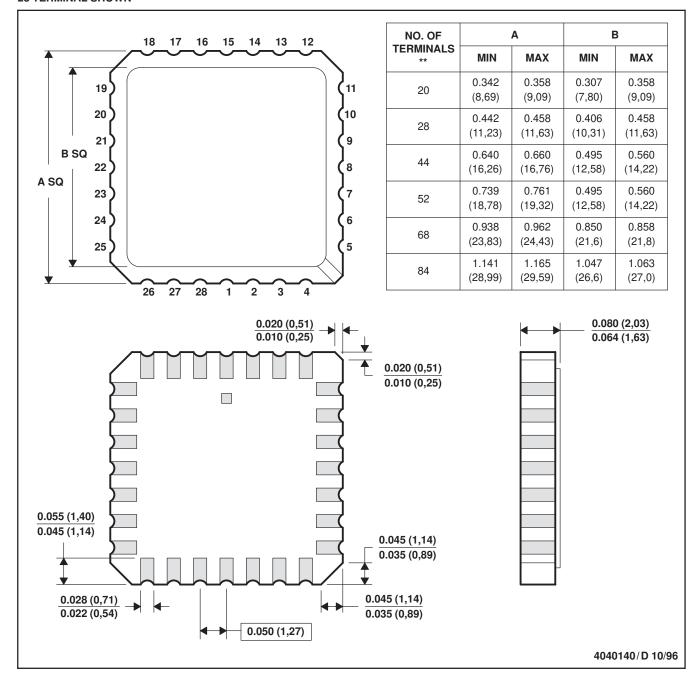
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.
- E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

FK (S-CQCC-N**)

28 TERMINAL SHOWN

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER



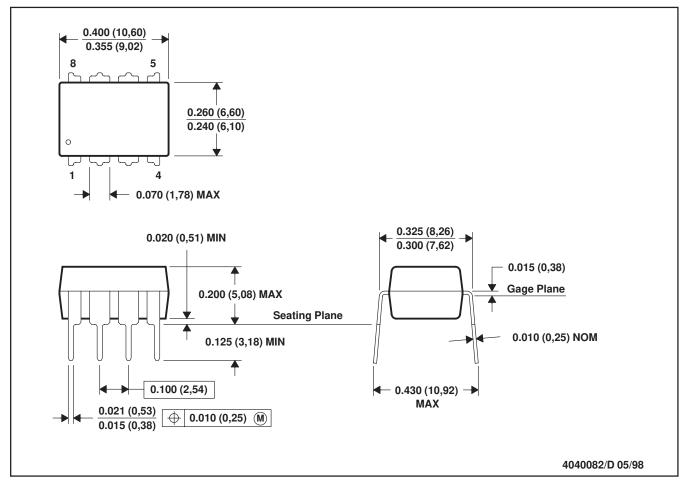
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
- D. The terminals are gold plated.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MS-004



P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

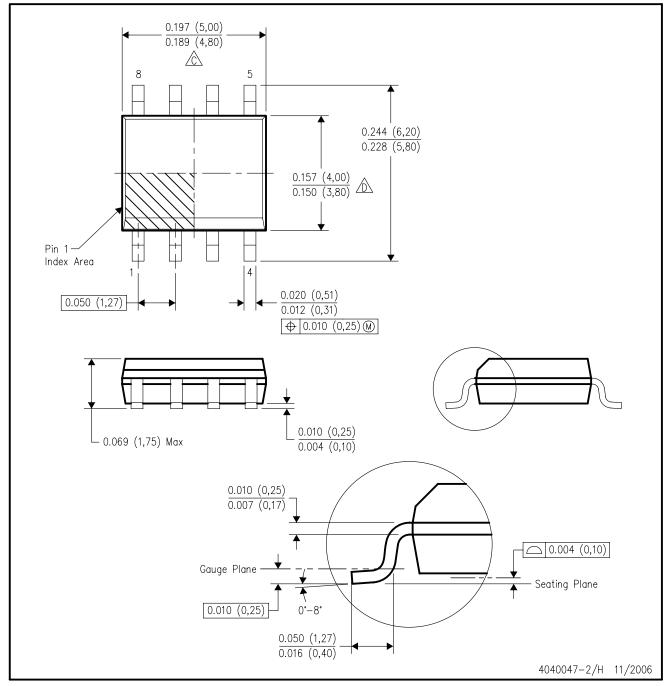
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

For the latest package information, go to $http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg_info.htm$



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Interface	interface.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Logic	logic.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
Low Power Wireless	www.ti.com/lpw	Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265