

EN: This Datasheet is presented by the manufacturer.

Please visit our website for pricing and availability at www.hestore.hu.



Enhanced ESD, 3.0 kV rms/6.0 kV rms 150Kbps Dual-Channel Digital Isolators

Data Sheet

$\pi 120U/\pi 121U/\pi 122U$

FEATURES

Ultra low power consumption (150 Kbps):

0.55mA/Channel

High data rate: π12xAxx: 600Mbps

π12xExx: 200Mbps π12xMxx: 10Mbps π12xUxx: 150kbps

High common-mode transient immunity: 150 kV/μs typical

High robustness to radiated and conducted noise

Isolation voltages:

 π 12xx3x: AC 3000Vrms π 12xx6x: AC 6000Vrms

High ESD rating:

ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2017

Human body model (HBM) ±8kV, all pins Safety and regulatory approvals (Pending):

UL certificate number: E494497

3000Vrms/6000Vrms for 1 minute per UL 1577

CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A VDE certificate number: 40047929

DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10):2006-12

V_{IORM} = 707V peak/1200V peak CQC certification per GB4943.1-2011

3 V to 5.5 V level translation

Wide temperature range: -40°C to 125°C 8/16-lead, RoHS-compliant, (W)SOIC package

APPLICATIONS

General-purpose multichannel isolation Industrial field bus isolation

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The $\pi 1xxxxx$ is a 2PaiSemi digital isolators product family that includes over hundreds of digital isolator products. By using maturated standard semiconductor CMOS technology and 2PaiSEMI *iDivider* technology, these isolation components provide outstanding performance characteristics and reliability superior to alternatives such as optocoupler devices and other integrated isolators.

Intelligent voltage divider technology (*iDivider* technology) is a new generation digital isolator technology invented by 2PaiSEMI. It uses the principle of capacitor voltage divider to transmit voltage signal directly cross the isolator capacitor without signal modulation and demodulation.

The $\pi 1xxxxx$ isolator data channels are independent and are available in a variety of configurations with a withstand voltage rating of 1.5 kV rms to 6.0 kV rms and the data rate from DC up

to 600Mbps (see the Ordering Guide). The devices operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, providing compatibility with lower voltage systems as well as enabling voltage translation functionality across the isolation barrier. The fail-safe state is available in which the outputs transition to a preset state when the input power supply is not applied.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

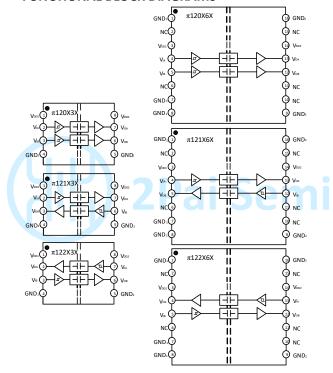


Figure 1. π 120xxx/ π 121xxx/ π 122xxx functional Block Diagram

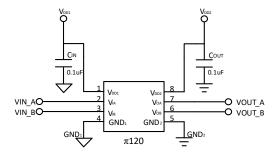


Figure 2. π 120xxx Typical Application Circuit

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

π 120U3x Pin Function Descriptions

NI WOOM I IN I WHOUSH DESCRIPTIONS							
Pin No.	Name	Description					
1	V _{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.					
2	VIA	Logic Input A.					
3	VIB	Logic Input B.					
4	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.					
5	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.					
6	Vов	Logic Output B.					
7	VOA	Logic Output A.					
8	V _{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.					

VDD1 1 8 VDD2 7 VOA VOA 1 TOP VIEW (Not to scale) 5 GND2

Figure 3. $\pi 120U3x$ Pin Configuration

π121U3x Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	V _{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
2	VIA	Logic Input A.
3	Vов	Logic Output B.
4	GND₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
5	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
6	VIB	Logic Input B.
7	Voa	Logic Output A.
8	V _{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.

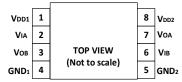


Figure 4. $\pi 121U3x$ Pin Configuration

π 122U3x Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	V _{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
2	Voa	Logic Output A.
3	VIB	Logic Input B.
4	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
5	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
6	Vов	Logic Output B.
7	VIA	Logic Input A.
8	V _{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.



Figure 5. $\pi 122U3x$ Pin Configuration

π120U6x Pin Function Descriptions

MIZOCOX I		F
Pin No.	Name	Description
1	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
2	NC	No connect.
3	V_{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
4	VIA	Logic Input A.
5	VIB	Logic Input B.
6	NC	No Connect.
7	GND₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
8	GND₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.

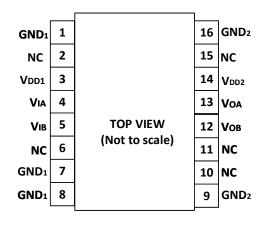


Figure 6. $\pi 120U6x$ Pin Configuration

10	NC	No Connect.
11	NC	No Connect.
12	Vов	Logic Output B.
13	Voa	Logic Output A.
14	V_{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.
15	NC	No Connect.
16	GND_2	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.

π121U6x Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
2	NC	No Connect.
3	V _{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
4	VIA	Logic Input A.
5	Vов	Logic Output B.
6	NC	No Connect.
7	GND₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
8	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
10	NC	No Connect.
11	NC	No Connect.
12	VIB	Logic Input B.
13	VOA	Logic Output A.
14	V _{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.
15	NC	No Connect.
16	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.

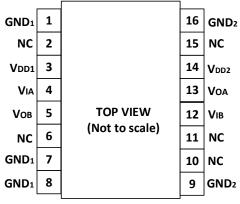


Figure 7. $\pi 121U6x$ Pin Configuration

π 122U6x Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
2	NC	No Connect.
3	V _{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
4	Voa	Logic Output A.
5	VIB	Logic Input B.
6	NC	No Connect.
7	GND₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
8	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
10	NC	No Connect.
11	NC	No Connect.
12	Vов	Logic Output B.
13	VIA	Logic Input A.
14	V_{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.
15	NC	No Connect.
16	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.

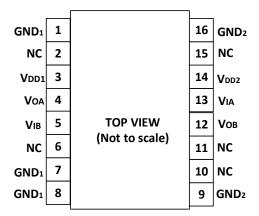


Figure 8. $\pi 122U6x$ Pin Configuration

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings⁴

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltages (V _{DD1} -GND ₁ , V _{DD2} -GND ₂)	-0.5 V to +7.0 V
Input Voltages (V _{IA} , V _{IB}) ¹	-0.5 V to V _{DDx} + 0.5 V
Output Voltages (V _{OA} , V _{OB}) ¹	-0.5 V to V _{DDx} + 0.5 V
Average Output Current per Pin ² Side 1 Output Current (I _{O1})	−10 mA to +10 mA
Average Output Current per Pin ² Side 2 Output Current (I _{O2})	−10 mA to +10 mA
Common-Mode Transients Immunity ³	-150 kV/μs to +150 kV/μs
Storage Temperature (T _{ST}) Range	-65°C to +150°C
Ambient Operating Temperature (T _A) Range	-40°C to +125°C

Notes:

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур Г	Vlax	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DDx} ¹	3	Ser	5.5	V
High Level Input Signal Voltage	V_{IH}	0.7*V _{DDx} ¹	١	_{DDx} 1	V
Low Level Input Signal Voltage	V_{IL}	0	0.3	*V _{DDx} 1	V
High Level Output Current	Іон	-6			mA
Low Level Output Current	Іоь			6	mA
Maximum Data Rate		0		150	Kbps
Junction Temperature	TJ	-40		150	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _A	-40		125	°C

Notes:

Truth Tables

Table 3. $\pi 120xxx/\pi 121xxx/\pi 122xxx$ Truth Table

M. I	V 64-4-1	V State1	Default Low	Default High	Test Conditions /Comments	
V _{Ix} Input ¹	V _{DDI} State ¹	V _{DDO} State ¹	Vox Output ¹	Vox Output ¹		
Low	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	Low	Normal operation	
High	Powered ²	Powered ²	High	High	Normal operation	
Open	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output	
Don't Care⁴	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output⁵	
Don't Care ⁴	Powered ²	Unpowered ³	High Impedance	High Impedance		

Notes:

 $^{^{1}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

² See Figure 9 for the maximum rated current values for various temperatures.

³ See Figure 18 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.

⁴ Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

 $^{^{1}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

 $^{^1}V_{lx}/V_{DX} \ are the input/output signals of a given channel (A or B). \ V_{DDI}/V_{DDO} \ are the supply voltages on the input/output signal sides of this given channel.$

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 4. Switching Specifications

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5 V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Minimum Pulse Width	PW			6.5	us	Within pulse width distortion (PWD) limit
Maximum Data Rate		150			Kbps	Within PWD limit
Propagation Delay Time ^{1,4}	tрнг, tргн		3.0	4.5	us	The different time between 50% input signal to 50% output signal 50% @ 5V _{DC} supply
			3.2	4.8	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Pulse Width Distortion ⁴	PWD	0	0.02	0.2	us	The max different time between tphL and tpLH@ 5VDC supply. And The value is tpHL - tpLH
		0	0.02	0.2	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Part to Part Propagation Delay Skew ⁴	tрsк			0.3	us	The max different propagation delay time between any two devices at the same temperature, load and voltage @ 5V _{DC} supply
				0.3	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Channel to Channel Propagation Delay Skew ⁴	tcsк	K)	02	0.2	us S	The max amount propagation delay time differs between any two output channels in the single device @ 5V _{DC} supply.
			0	0.2	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Output Signal Rise/Fall Time ⁴	t _r /t _f		1.5		ns	10% to 90% signal terminated 50 Ω , See figure15.
Common-Mode Transient Immunity ³	СМТІ	100	150		kV/μs	$V_{IN} = V_{DDx}^2$ or 0V, $V_{CM} = 1000$ V.
ESD(HBM - Human body model)	ESD		±8		kV	All pins

Notes:

Table 5. DC Specifications

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5 V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Rising Input Signal Voltage Threshold	V _{IT+}		0.6*V _{DDx} ¹	0.7*V _{DDx} ¹	V	
Falling Input Signal Voltage Threshold	$V_{\text{IT-}}$	0.3* V _{DDX} ¹	0.4* V _{DDX} 1		V	
High Level Output Voltage	Voн ¹	V _{DDx} - 0.1	V_{DDx}		V	–20 μA output current
		V _{DDx} - 0.2	$V_{DDx} - 0.1$		V	-2 mA output current
Low Level Output Voltage	Vol		0	0.1	V	20 μA output current

² Powered means V_{DDx}≥ 2.9 V

 $^{^{3}}$ Unpowered means V_{DDx} < 2.3V

 $^{^4}$ Input signal (V_{1x}) must be in a low state to avoid powering the given V_{DD1} through its ESD protection circuitry.

⁵ If the V_{DDI} goes into unpowered status, the channel outputs the default logic signal after around 1us. If the V_{DDI} goes into powered status, the channel outputs the input status logic signal after around 3us.

 $^{^{1}}$ t_{pLH} = low-to-high propagation delay time, t_{pHL} = high-to-low propagation delay time. See figure 16.

 $^{^{2}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

³ See Figure 18 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.

 $^{^4}$ Output Signal Terminated 50 $\!\Omega.$

			0.1	0.2	V	2 mA output current
Input Current per Signal Channel	I _{IN}	-10	0.5	10	μА	$0 \text{ V} \leqslant \text{Signal voltage} \leqslant \text{V}_{\text{DDX}}^1$
V _{DDx} ¹ Undervoltage Rising Threshold	V _{DDxUV+}	2.45	2.65	2.9	V	
V _{DDx} ¹ Undervoltage Falling Threshold	V _{DDxUV} -	2.3	2.5	2.75	V	
V _{DDx} ¹ Hysteresis	VDDxUVH		0.15		V	

Notes:

Table 6. Quiescent Supply Current

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 V_{DC} \pm 10\% \text{ or } 5V_{DC} \pm 10\%, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, C_L = 0 \text{ pF, unless otherwise noted.}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
		154	192	250	μΑ	0V Input signal
-120H O	I _{DD2} (Q)	708	885	1151	μΑ	0V Input signal
π120Uxx Quiescent Supply Current @ 5V _{DC} Supply	I _{DD1} (Q)	61	76	99	μΑ	5V Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	767	959	1247	μΑ	5V Input signal
	I _{DD1} (Q)	113	141	183	μΑ	0V Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	696	870	1131	μΑ	0V Input signal
@ 3.3V _{DC} Supply	I _{DD1} (Q)	60	75	98	μΑ	3.3V Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	758	948	1232	μΑ	3.3V Input signal
/	IDD1 (Q)	431	539	700	μΑ	0V Input signal
13111 0: 45 1 0 4857 5 1	IDD2 (Q)	431	539	701	μΑ	0V Input signal
π121Uxx Quiescent Supply Current @ 5V _{DC} Supply	I _{DD1} (Q)	414	518	673	μΑ	5V Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	414	518	673	μΑ	5V Input signal
	I _{DD1} (Q)	404	506	657	μΑ	0V Input signal
6.23W 0 1	I _{DD2} (Q)	405	506	658	μΑ	0V Input signal
@ 3.3V _{DC} Supply	I _{DD1} (Q)	409	512	665	μΑ	3.3V Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	410	512	666	μΑ	3.3V Input signal
	IDD1 (Q)	431	539	701	μΑ	0V Input signal
π122Uxx Quiescent Supply Current @ 5V _{DC} Supply	I _{DD2} (Q)	431	539	701	μΑ	0V Input signal
11220xx Quiescent supply Cultent @ 5 v be supply	I _{DD1} (Q)	414	518	673	μΑ	5V Input signal
	IDD2 (Q)	414	518	673	μΑ	5V Input signal
	I _{DD1} (Q)	405	506	658	μΑ	0V Input signal
@ 3.3V _{DC} Supply	IDD2 (Q)	405	506	658	μΑ	0V Input signal
© 3.3 v DC Suppry	I _{DD1} (Q)	410	512	666	μΑ	3.3V Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	410	512	666	μΑ	3.3V Input signal

Table 7. Total Supply Current vs. Data Throughput (C_L = 0 pF)

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 \\ V_{DC} \pm 10\% \text{ or } 5 \\ V_{DC} \pm 10\%, \\ T_A = 25 \\ ^{\circ}C, \\ C_L = 0 \\ pF, \\ unless \\ otherwise \\ noted.$

Parameter	Symbol		2 K	bps		50	Kbps		150I	Kbps	
Parameter Symb		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
#120Llwy Supply Current @ EV	I _{DD1}		0.13	0.20		0.13	0.20		0.13	0.20	mA
π120Uxx Supply Current @ 5V _{DC}	I _{DD2}		0.92	1.38		0.93	1.40		0.94	1.41	mA
@ 3.3V _{DC}	I _{DD1}		0.10	0.15		0.10	0.15		0.10	0.15	mA

 $^{^{1}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply $V_{DD}\text{,}\,$ where x = 1 or 2.

	I _{DD2}	0.91	1.37	0.91	1.37	0.92	1.38	mA
=131Hous Committee Committee Committee	I _{DD1}	0.53	0.79	0.53	0.80	0.54	0.80	mA
π121Uxx Supply Current @ 5V _{DC}	I _{DD2}	0.53	0.80	0.53	0.80	0.54	0.81	mA
0.2.24	I _{DD1}	0.51	0.76	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	mA
@ 3.3V _{DC}	I _{DD2}	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	mA
42211 6 1 6 1 6 514	I _{DD1}	0.53	0.80	0.53	0.80	0.54	0.81	mA
π122Uxx Supply Current @ 5V _{DC}	I _{DD2}	0.53	0.80	0.53	0.80	0.54	0.81	mA
@ 2 2V	I _{DD1}	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	mA
@ 3.3V _{DC}	I _{DD2}	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	0.51	0.77	mA

INSULATION AND SAFETY RELATED SPECIFICATIONS

Table 8. Insulation Specifications

Parameter	Parameter Symbol Value Unit		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments	
rarameter	Syllibol	π12xU3x	π12xU6x	Oilit	rest conditions/ comments
Rated Dielectric Insulation Voltage		3000	6000	V rms	1-minute duration
Minimum External Air Gap (Clearance)	L (CLR)	4	8	mm min	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air
Minimum External Tracking (Creepage)	L (CRP)	4	8	mm min	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body
Minimum Internal Gap (Internal Clearance)		11	21	μm min	Insulation distance through insulation
Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index)	СТІ	>400	>400	V	DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1
Material Group		II		ai C	Material Group (DIN VDE 0110, 1/89, Table 1)

PACKAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Table 9. Package Characteristics

Dozomotov	Cumbal	Туріса	l Value	l lmia	Tost Conditions/Comments
Parameter	Symbol	π12xU3x	π12xU6x	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Resistance (Input to Output) ¹	R _{I-O}	10 ¹¹	10 11	Ω	
Capacitance (Input to Output) ¹	C _{I-O}	0.6	0.6	pF	@1MHz
Input Capacitance ²	Cı	3	3	pF	@1MHz
IC Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance	θJA	100	45	°C/W	Thermocouple located at center of package underside

Notes:

REGULATORY INFORMATION

See Table 10 and the Insulation Lifetime section for details regarding recommended maximum working voltages for specific cross isolation waveforms and insulation levels.

Table 10. Regulatory

Regulatory	π12xU3x	π12xU6x
UL	Recognized under UL 1577	Recognized under UL 1577
	Component Recognition Program ¹	Component Recognition Program ¹
	Single Protection, 3000 V rms Isolation Voltage	Single Protection, 6000V rms Isolation Voltage
	File (E494497)	File (pending)

¹The device is considered a 2-terminal device; SOIC-8 Pin 1 - Pin 4(WSOIC-16 Pin 1-Pin8) are shorted together as the one terminal, and SOIC-8 Pin 5 - Pin 8(WSOIC-16 Pin 9-Pin16) are shorted together as the other terminal.

²Testing from the input signal pin to ground.

CSA	Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A	Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A
	CSA 60950-1-07+A1+A2 and	CSA 60950-1-07+A1+A2 and
	IEC 60950-1, second edition, +A1+A2:	IEC 60950-1, second edition, +A1+A2:
	Basic insulation at 500 V rms (707 V peak)	Basic insulation at 845 V rms (1200 V peak)
	Reinforced insulation at 250 V rms	Reinforced insulation at 422 V rms
	(353 V peak)	(600 V peak)
	File (pending)	File (pending)
VDE	DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10):2006-12 ²	DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10):2006-12 ²
	Basic insulation, V _{IORM} = 707 V peak, V _{IOSM} = 4615 V peak	Basic insulation, V _{IORM} = 1200 V peak, V _{IOSM} = 7000 V peak
	File (40047929)	File (pending)
cqc	Certified under	Certified under
	CQC11-471543-2012	CQC11-471543-2012
	GB4943.1-2011	GB4943.1-2011
	Basic insulation at 500 V rms (707 V peak) working voltage	Basic insulation at 845 V rms (1200 V peak) working voltage
	Reinforced insulation at	Reinforced insulation at
	250 V rms (353 V peak)	422 V rms (600 V peak)
	File (pending)	File (pending)

Notes:

DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10) INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS

These isolators are suitable for reinforced electrical isolation only within the safety limit data. Protective circuits ensure the maintenance of the safety data. The * marking on packages denotes DIN V VDE V 0884-10 approval.

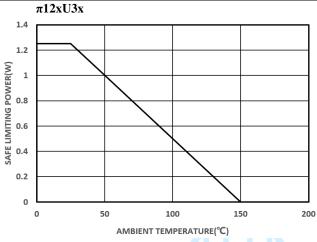
Table 11. VDE Insulation Characteristics

Description	Test Conditions/Comments	Cumbal	Charac	Unit	
Description	rest conditions/comments	Symbol	π12xU3x	π12xU6x	Onit
Installation Classification per DIN VDE 0110					
For Rated Mains Voltage \leqslant 150 V rms			I to IV	I to IV	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 300 V rms			I to III	I to III	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 400 V rms			I to III	I to III	
Climatic Classification			40/105/21	40/105/21	
Pollution Degree per DIN VDE 0110, Table 1			2	2	
Maximum Working Insulation Voltage		VIORM	707	1200	V peak
Input to Output Test Voltage, Method B1	$V_{IORM} \times 1.875 = V_{pd (m)}$, 100% production test, tini = t_m = 1 sec, partial discharge < 5 pC	V _{pd} (m)	1326	2250	V peak
Input to Output Test Voltage, Method A	·				
After Environmental Tests Subgroup 1	$V_{IORM} \times 1.5 = V_{pd (m)}$, $t_{ini} = 60$ sec, $t_m = 10$ sec, partial discharge < 5 pC	V _{pd (m)}	1061	1800	V peak
After Input and/or Safety Test Subgroup 2 and Subgroup 3	$V_{IORM} \times 1.2 = V_{pd (m)}$, $t_{ini} = 60$ sec, $t_m = 10$ sec, partial discharge < 5 pC		849	1440	V peak
Highest Allowable Overvoltage		Vютм	4200	8500	V peak

¹ In accordance with UL 1577, each π 120U3x/ π 121U3x/ π 122U3x is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 3600 V rms for 1 sec; each π 120U6x/ π 121U6x/ π 122U6x is proof tested by applying an isulation test voltage ≥ 7200 V rms for 1 sec

² In accordance with DIN V VDE V 0884-10, each π 120U3x/ π 121U3x/ π 122U3x is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 1326 V peak for 1 sec (partial discharge detection limit = 5 pC); each π 120U6x/ π 121U6x/ π 122U6x is proof tested by ≥ 2250V peak for 1 sec. The * marking branded on the component designates DIN V VDE V 0884-10 approval.

Surge Isolation Voltage Basic	Basic insulation, 1.2 μs rise time, 50 μs, 50% fall time	Viosм	4615	7000	V peak
Surge Isolation Voltage Reinforced	Reinforced insulation, 1.2 μs rise time, 50 μs, 50% fall time	Viosm			V peak
Safety Limiting Values	Maximum value allowed in the event of a failure (see Figure 9)				
Maximum Junction Temperature		Ts	150	150	°C
Total Power Dissipation at 25°C		P_S	1.56	2.78	W
Insulation Resistance at T _S	V _{IO} = 800 V	R_{S}	>109	>109	Ω



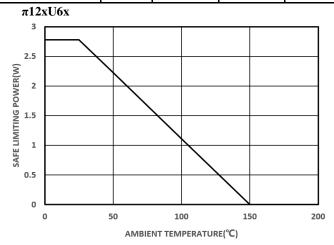
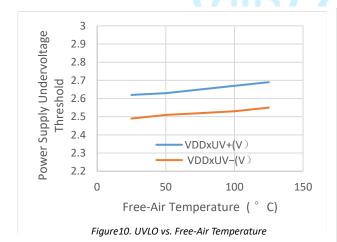
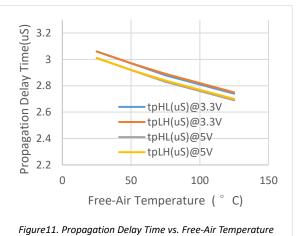


Figure 9. Thermal Denating Curve, Dependence of Safety Limiting Values with Ambient Temperature per VDE





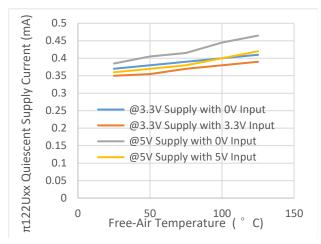


Figure 12. π 121Uxx/ π 122Uxx Quiescent Supply Current vs. Free-Air Temperature

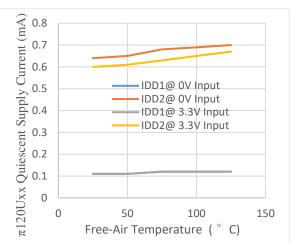


Figure 13. π120Uxx Quiescent Supply Current with 3.3V Supply vs. Free-Air Temperature

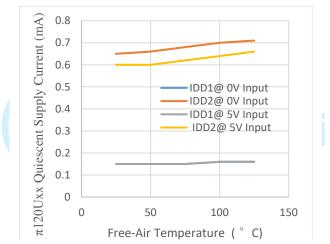


Figure 14. π 120Uxx Quiescent Supply Current with 5V Supply vs. Free-Air Temperature

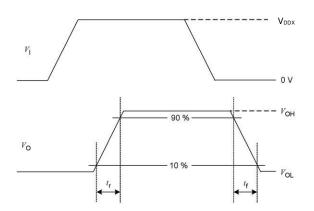


Figure 15. Transition time waveform measurement

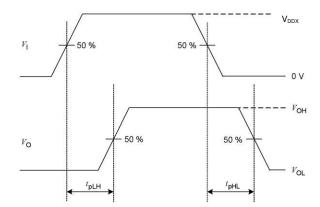


Figure 16. Propagation delay time waveform measurement

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OVERVIEW

The \$\pi 1 xxxxx\$ are 2PaiSemi digital isolators product family based on 2PaiSEMI unique *iDivider* technology. Intelligent voltage **Divider** technology (*iDivider* technology) is a new generation digital isolator technology invented by 2PaiSEMI. It uses the principle of capacitor voltage divider to transmit signal directly cross the isolator capacitor without signal modulation and demodulation. Compare to the traditional Opto-couple technology, icoupler technology, OOK technology, *iDivider* is a more essential and concise isolation signal transmit technology which leads to greatly simplification on circuit design and therefore significantly improves device performance, such as lower power consumption, faster speed, enhanced anti-interference ability, lower noise.

The $\pi 120$ Uxx/ $\pi 12$ 1Uxx/ $\pi 12$ 2Uxx are the outstanding 150Kbps dual-channel digital isolators with the enhanced ESD capability. the devices transmit data across an isolation barrier by layers of silicon dioxide isolation.

The devices operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0~V to 5.5~V, offering voltage translation of 3.3~V and 5~V logic.

The $\pi 120$ Uxx/ $\pi 121$ Uxx/ $\pi 122$ Uxx have very low propagation delay and high speed. The input/output design techniques allow logic and supply voltages over a wide range from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, offering voltage translation of 3.3 V and 5 V logic. The architecture is designed for high common-mode transient immunity and high immunity to electrical noise and magnetic interference.

See the Ordering Guide for the model numbers that have the failsafe output state of low or high.

PCB LAYOUT

The low-ESR ceramic bypass capacitors must be connected between V_{DD1} and GND_1 and between V_{DD2} and GND_2 . The bypass capacitors are placed on the PCB as close to the isolator device as possible. The recommended bypass capacitor value is between $0.1~\mu F$ and $10~\mu F$. To enhance the robustness of a design,

the user may also include resistors (50–300 Ω) in series with the inputs and outputs if the system is excessively noisy.

Avoid reducing the isolation capability, Keep the space underneath the isolator device free from metal such as planes, pads, traces and vias.

To minimize the impedance of the signal return loop, keep the solid ground plane directly underneath the high-speed signal path, the closer the better. The return path will couple between the nearest ground plane to the signal path. Keep suitable trace width for controlled impedance transmission lines interconnect.

To reduce the rise time degradation, keep the length of input/output signal traces as short as possible, and route low inductance loop for the signal path and It's return path.

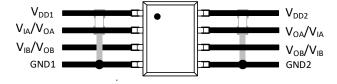


Figure 17. Recommended Printed Circuit Board Layout

CMTI MEASUREMENT

To measure the Common-Mode Transient Immunity (CMTI) of $\pi 1xxxxx$ isolator under specified common-mode pulse magnitude (V_{CM}) and specified slew rate of the common-mode pulse (dV_{CM}/dt) and other specified test or ambient conditions, The common-mode pulse generator (G_1) will be capable of providing fast rising and falling pulses of specified magnitude and duration of the common-mode pulse (V_{CM}) and the maximum common-mode slew rates (dV_{CM}/dt) can be applied to $\pi 1xxxxx$ isolator coupler under measurement. The common-mode pulse is applied between one side ground GND1 and the other side ground GND2 of $\pi 1xxxxx$ isolator and shall be capable of providing positive transients as well as negative transients.

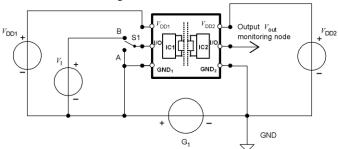
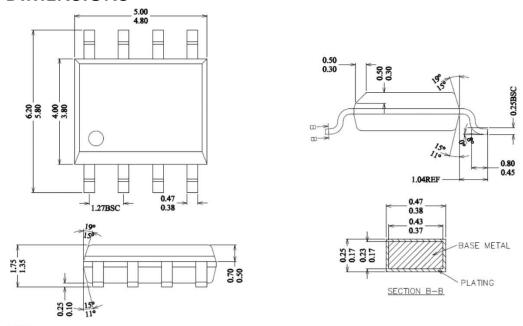


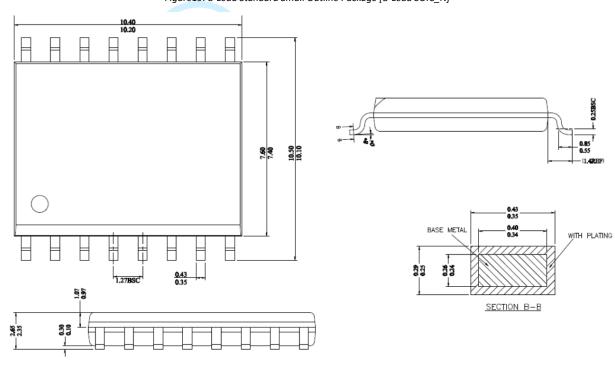
Figure 18. Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



NOTES: ALL DIMENSIONS REFER TO JEDEC STANDARD MS-012 AA DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.

Figure 19. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [8-Lead SOIC_N]



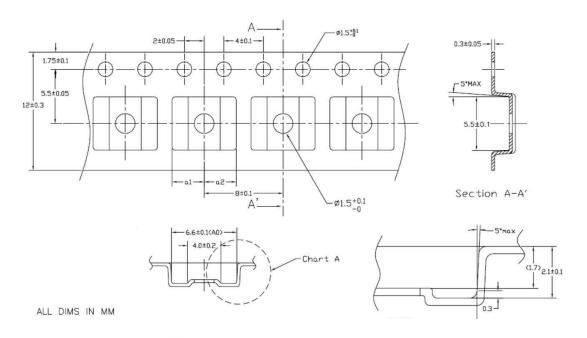
NOTES:

ALL DIMENSIONS MEET JEDEC STANDARD MS-013 AA DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.

Figure 20. 16-Lead Wide Body Outline Package [16-Lead SOIC_W]

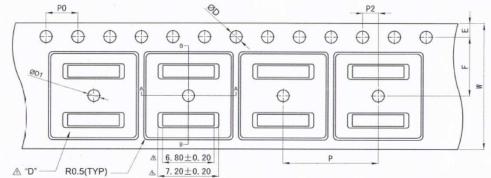
REEL INFORMATION

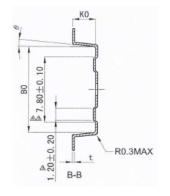
8-Lead SOIC_N

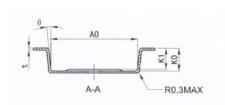


16-Lead SOIC_W









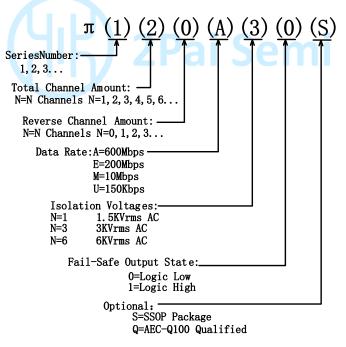
Items	Size(mm)
E	1.75±0.10
F	7.50±0.05
P2	2.00±0.05
D	1.55±0.05
D1	1.5±0.10
P0	4.00±0.10
10P0	40.00±0.20

Items	Size(mm)
W	16.00±0.30
Р	12.00±0.10
A0	10.90±0.10
BO	10.80±0.10
K0	3.00±0.10
t	0.30±0.05
K1	2.70±0.10
θ	5° TYP

ORDERING GUIDE

Model Name		Temperature Range	No. of Inp uts, V _{DD1} Side	No. of Inputs, V _{DD2} Side	Withstand Voltage Rating (kV rms)	Fail- Safe Output State	Package Description	Package Option	Quantity
π 120U31	Pai120U31	-40°C to +125°C	2	0	3	High	8-Lead SOIC_N	S-8-N	4000 per reel
π120U30	Pai120U30	-40°C to +125°C	2	0	3	Low	8-Lead SOIC_N	S-8-N	4000 per reel
π121U31	Pai121U31	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	3	High	8-Lead SOIC_N	S-8-N	4000 per reel
π121U30	Pai121U30	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	3	Low	8-Lead SOIC_N	S-8-N	4000 per reel
π122U31	Pai122U31	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	3	High	8-Lead SOIC_N	S-8-N	4000 per reel
π122U30	Pai122U30	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	3	Low	8-Lead SOIC_N	S-8-N	4000 per reel
π120U61	Pai120U61	-40°C to +125°C	2	0	6	High	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π120U60	Pai120U60	-40°C to +125°C	2	0	6	Low	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π121U61	Pai121U61	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	6	High	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π121U60	Pai121U60	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	6	Low	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π122U61	Pai122U61	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	6	High	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π122U60	Pai122U60	-40°C to +125°C	1	1	6	Low	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel

PART NUMBER NAMED RULE



Notes:

Pai12xxxx is equals to $\pi 12xxxx$ in the customer BOM $\,$

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Updated	Date	Page	Change Record	
1	Jason	2018/09/17	All	Initial version	
2	Jason	2018/11/28	P11	Changed the recommended bypass capacitor value from between 0.1 μF and 1 μF to between 0.1 μF and 10 μF .	
3	Devin	2019/09/08	P1,P11,P13,P14	P1: Changed the address from 'Room 19307, Building 8, No.498, GuoShouJing Road' to 'Room 308-309, No.22, Boxia Road'; Add iDivider technology description in General Description. Changed ESD(HBM) from 7KV to 8KV. P11: Add iDivider technology description in overview. P13: Updated 16-Lead SOIC_W reel drawing. P14: Add character 'S' and 'Q' in part number named rule; Changed the SOIC_W quantity from '1000 per reel' to '1500 per reel'.	

